

SALISBURY TO RESIGN

Reconstruction of the British Cabinet an Event That Is Coming on Apace.

THE QUEEN WANTS HIM TO STAY.

But the Premier's Health Is Bad, as Is Also That of His Wife—Hartington the Probable Successor—London Times Believes Wolcott's Silver Mission Has Failed and Is Glad of It—John Bull Still Willing to Hear Other Proposals.

London, Oct. 18.—The Daily Chronicle announces that in view of Lord Salisbury's desire to resign the premiership an early reconstruction of the cabinet is probable. According to The Daily Chronicle no serious difference of opinion exists among the ministers on matters of policy, but Lord Salisbury finds his health unequal to the strain and burden of his two offices of premier and foreign minister. So great is his desire for rest that on his recent visit to Beaulieu he did not even take his secretary. Moreover, the premier is much concerned about the health of the Marchioness of Salisbury, which is far from good. The queen is reluctant to sanction his retirement, and therefore it may be deferred for a time. In these matters her majesty exercises her prerogative to a greater extent than is generally known. For instance her wish became royal command when Lord Rosebery, against his own wish, took the foreign office portfolio in Gladstone's cabinet.

Fact Worth of Note. It is worthy of note that Lord Salisbury had long interviews with Chamberlain and Balfour after the cabinet council Saturday and then returned to Hatfield House. The Chronicle, commenting editorially upon the rumor to which it gives currency, says: "We regret the departure of so great a personality. Despite his shortcomings as a foreign minister, no such interesting men will follow him." The Chronicle adds that "the omens point to the Duke of Devonshire (lord president of the council of minister) as the next premier," and that the Tories and Liberal Unionists will become fused in a single party. It thinks that "under the Duke of Devonshire the Conservative party would be less progressive than ever," and adds that "it is doubtful whether even Mr. Chamberlain would have any real power to mould the stubborn mind of the duke."

AS TO THE MISSION OF WOLCOTT.

The Times Believes It Has Been of No Use to the Silver Dollar.

London, Oct. 18.—The Times in its financial article says it believes that the cabinet has decided to decline to reopen the Indian mints or to enter an international monetary conference. It says: "We do not know exactly what Mr. Wolcott proposed, but there is no doubt that the opening of the Indian mints was the concession most seriously pressed. The Indian government, supported by the India office, strongly protested against this policy, and the home government must have felt bound in this year of serious trouble for India to indorse this position. In order, however, to meet the views of sympathizers with bimetalism in the cabinet an intimation may very likely be given that the government is prepared to consider any further or alternative proposals." The Times, commenting editorially in approval of the government's decision, says: "President McKinley has now redeemed his election pledges and may turn with a pleasant sense of discharged responsibility to the serious work of financial reform. As to the government's offer to consider alternative proposals, we may perhaps be allowed to hope that an indulgent attitude will not be abused, and that before again distracting the government and the public bimetalists will be careful to see that they have invented something really novel and practicable."

"Closure of the Indian mints has practically no defenders on the ground of abstract principle; and the fact that its results are not quite what were desired may serve to temper dogmatic speculations concerning the prospects of gold currency for India. The question the government had to settle, however, is one of political and financial expediency rather than of principle, and there can be no doubt in any reasonable mind that they have answered it in the only admissible way."

"The fact that there are no tangible, definite, proposals to discuss simply justifies the government in declining to enter a conference which would be a mere fishing inquiry where an immense amount of nonsense would be talked and a great deal of intrigue and wire-pulling carried on. Tinkering currency amid the cross-currents of an international conference and at the bidding of people who have no discoverable principle except the preposterous re-establishment of the ratio of 15½ to 1 is a thing to which the Unionist government ought to offer uncompromising opposition."

FEMININE REFORMER WHIPPED.

The Thrashing Being Done by Another Woman with a Horsewhip.

Chicago, Oct. 18.—The session of the Social Democracy, Branch No. 1, ended in a general row last night, during which Mrs. Fannie Clark Kavanaugh, president of the branch, was horsewhipped. The whipping was done by Mrs. Thomas P. Quinn, wife of the former president of the recently expelled Branch No. 2, the trouble between the women growing out of the fact that Mrs. Kavanaugh had charged Quinn with being a Pinkerton detective. The male members of the organization promptly took part in the row when the assault on Mrs. Kavanaugh began, and a riot was narrowly averted. Mrs. Kavanaugh is said to have been badly disfigured.

Masonic Lodge Outlawed.

Montreal, Oct. 18.—E. T. D. Chambers, of Quebec, grand master for the province of Quebec, A. F. and A. M., has issued a proclamation in Montreal by the Orient of France. The grand master declares that his jurisdiction has been invaded, and that none of the members of the lodge can be recognized as Masons. The lodge is what is known as the "Godless" lodge.

MICHIGAN MELANGE.

NEWS OF GENERAL INTEREST TO OUR READERS.

Important Happenings in the State During the Past Few Days Reported by Telegraph—Matter Selected for the Benefit of Our Own People.

Lansing, Mich., Oct. 13.—For many years the most important citizen of Dimondale, an Eaton county village ten miles south of here, was Dr. Tyler Hull, who died two months ago. He was greatly beloved by the entire community. He was a lawyer as well as a doctor, but did not practice at the bar. In his capacity of physician he had traveled over every foot of the surrounding country for miles in every direction, and was probably the best known man in the county. His family and friends were greatly surprised, when his will was read, to learn that it provided that 25 per cent. of the value of his estate should be expended for a monument to be placed over his grave. Although the executors are not yet through with the appraisal of the estate, the aggregate value of the real and personal property already amounts to \$42,000, and if the provisions of the will are carried out it will be seen that the monument will cost a very large sum. The third item in the will reads as follows:

"My will is that there shall be erected at my grave within one year after my decease a monument, if the assets of the estate shall warrant, according to the following conditions: If my estate shall foot up to \$40,000 or more, then there shall be erected at my grave a granite monument worth \$10,000. If my estate shall aggregate \$30,000, and under \$40,000, there shall be erected at my grave a granite monument worth \$6,000."

Then there follow six other items, couched in language similar to the above, and being in substance as follows:

"Between \$25,000 and \$30,000, a \$5,000 monument; between \$20,000 and \$25,000, a \$4,000 monument; between \$15,000 and \$20,000, a \$3,000 monument; between \$10,000 and \$15,000, a \$1,500 monument; between \$6,000 and \$10,000, a \$1,000 monument; between \$4,000 and \$6,000, a \$500 monument."

The last paragraph of the will provided that if the estate should aggregate less than \$4,000 the whole question of a monument should be left to the discretion of his wife. An effort will be made by the family to have this peculiar provision set aside, it being deemed folly to expend such a large sum for a monument as it develops will be required if the will is obeyed.

ASK HIS REMOVAL.

Insurance Company Officers Object to Commissioner's Statements.

Saginaw, Mich., Oct. 15.—Rowland Connor, president and Chase Still, secretary of the Commercial Fire Insurance company have forwarded a petition to Governor Pingree, asking for the removal from office of Milo D. Campbell, commissioner of insurance of the state of Michigan.

The petition is based on the alleged fact that Commissioner Campbell some time ago wrote an open letter which was printed in newspapers throughout the state, making, what the companies claim, were unjust and unwarranted criticisms of their methods of doing business, after assuring the officers that his inspection of their affairs had revealed nothing wrong.

Milo D. Campbell, state commissioner of insurance Thursday issued a circular which asserts that citizens of Michigan are being swindled by worthless fire insurance companies which have no legal standing in the state. He names twenty-two companies which he says have no authority to do business in the state, and promises to make public others as obtained. The commissioner gave out a reply to allegations made by officers of a fire company at Saginaw in a petition for his removal. The petitioners charged him with maliciously, deliberately and dishonestly attempting to wreck their business, all of which Mr. Campbell denies and announces his intention of making further examination of the companies in question.

SCHOONER GOES DOWN.

Kate Winslow Founders in a Gale Off Seal Choix Point.

Manistique, Mich., Oct. 16.—The schooner Kate Winslow, heavily laden with pig-iron, foundered in Lake Michigan off Seal Choix point, early Thursday morning. Captain E. J. Cuyler and his crew succeeded in reaching the shore without loss of life, and made their way to Whitelake, a small town a short distance from this port. The schooner and cargo are a total loss.

The Winslow left Gladstone Wednesday bound for Sandusky, O. She was in tow of the steamer Queen of the West, which also had the schooner May Richards in tow, being Winslow being the lead of the three. After leaving Green Bay the vessels encountered a heavy southwest gale on Lake Michigan. Laden deeply with 1,200 tons of pig-iron, the schooners labored heavily in the sea, and every wave swept their decks.

Wednesday night, when the boats were about fifteen miles from Gull island, the towline holding the Winslow to the Richards parted. The Queen of the West and the Richards had all they could do to take care of themselves and the Winslow was left to her fate. She was headed for the shelter of Seal Choix point, but she commenced to leak badly, and when ten miles from the point the crew abandoned her for the lifeboat. She foundered soon after.

BARBARISM IN MICHIGAN.

Illegal Baby Killed with a Pitchfork and Its Body Cremated.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 18.—A special to The Free Press from Charlotte, Mich., reveals a horrible story of depravity. John Bigley and Frank Miller will be charged with the murder of an infant with a pitchfork and the burning of its body. The child was born to Bigley's unmarried daughter last Tuesday morning; was reported to have been born dead, and buried on his farm. An investigation was ordered, resulting in Bigley and Miller being locked up. Saturday afternoon, Miller, who is the husband of Bigley's other daughter, confessed that the child was born alive and that he killed it by running the tines of a pitchfork through its body, being forced to the horrible deed by Bigley, who stood over him with a knife and swore he would

kill him if he refused. After the child was dead he says Bigley took the body into the house and tossed it into the stove. The sheriff has found considerable evidence corroborative of Miller's story. The supposed grave of the child was opened and no body found there.

Insurance Men Want His Scalp.

Saginaw, Mich., Oct. 14.—Rowland Connor, president, and Charles E. Still, secretary of the Commercial and Wolverine Mutual Fire Insurance companies have forwarded a petition to Governor Pingree asking for the removal from office of Milo D. Campbell, commissioner of insurance. The petition is based on the alleged fact that Commissioner Campbell some time ago wrote an open letter which was printed in the newspapers, making criticisms of their methods of doing business, after assuring the officers that his inspection of their affairs had revealed nothing wrong.

New Factory at Menominee.

Menominee, Mich., Oct. 16.—The Richardson Shoe company, capitalized at \$45,000, was organized Thursday and the following directors elected: S. M. Stephenson, J. W. Wells, John Hennes, M. S. Harmon, G. A. Blesch, Alexander Richardson, and Philip Harter. A large factory will be erected on a site in the northwestern part of the city and will give employment to 150 hands. The machinery of the Norcross, Richardson plant at Janesville will be moved here and the new factory put in operation under the management of Alexander Richardson, about Jan. 1.

Death in the Fifties Blow.

Lansing, Mich., Oct. 14.—Fitzsimmons' famous solar plexus blow was the cause of a death at the State Industrial School for Boys Tuesday. Just after getting up in the morning, Carson, 16 years old, drew a long breath and asked one of his dormitory mates to strike him in the chest. He was accommodated, but wanted more, and requested Frank Martin, an inmate from Albion, to strike him. Martin responded with a back-hand blow over the heart and Carson dropped dead in his tracks.

Philanthropy the Topic.

Battle Creek, Mich., Oct. 16.—Philanthropy was the topic assigned for Friday's session of the civic-philanthropic conference, the meetings being held at the Independent Congregational church. W. H. Burke, editor of The Farmers' Voice of Chicago, gave his views upon "Prison Labor and Road Building," and Rev. J. P. Naverly of Jackson led a discussion upon what should be done to aid ex-convicts.

City Conventions at Detroit.

Detroit, Oct. 18.—Both the Republican and Democratic conventions were held Saturday. Clarence A. Black received the Republican nomination for mayor. The Democrats unanimously nominated Mayor Maybury to succeed himself. The Democratic resolutions reaffirmed the Chicago platform.

Schooner Goes Down in the Lake.

Manistique, Mich., Oct. 15.—The Kate Winslow, schooner, heavily laden with pig iron, foundered in Lake Michigan off Seal Choix point early yesterday morning. Captain E. J. Cuyler and his crew succeeded in reaching the shore without loss of life.

State Notes.

John Dapper, his son and two daughters of Saginaw, Mich., were poisoned by eating boiled cabbage which contained some substance used in the garden to kill worms.

Thomas Oliver, a miner at the Saginaw, Mich., coal mines, fell from an elevator and was killed.

The man run over by the Grand Trunk train between Perry and Shattlesburg, Mich., has been identified as Nicholas Perkins of Langdon, S. D. Foul play is suspected.

A tramp was badly burned in a fire which destroyed the Kohlhaas meat market at Calumet, Mich. There is a suspicion that he started the fire himself.

Charles Kelsey of Marquette, Mich., has been appointed probate judge of Marquette county by Governor Pingree.

Grass lake, Michigan, has gone perfectly dry. Tons of dead fish are lying on the bed of the lake.

Frank Phiscator, of Benton Harbor, Mich., is said to have sold a two-third interest in his Klondike claims to an English syndicate for \$1,333,000.

Miss Carrie Haskell of Ludington, Mich., is dead. Five years ago she took a vow, on account of some trivial misunderstanding with her two brothers, that she would go to bed and remain there five years.

The Toledo and Northwestern Railway company has been organized with a capital stock of \$200,000, to build a line of railroad from Albion to Charlotte, Mich.

Bull Fight to Please Chulalongkorn.

Bull Fight, Oct. 18.—The queen regent Saturday received King Chulalongkorn of Siam. The members of his majesty's suite expressed a desire to witness a bull fight, but were informed that bull fighting had been excluded from the festivities in their honor, in order to avoid wounding the king's religious susceptibilities. Thereupon King Chulalongkorn said he would like to see a bull fight, adding that his religion only forbade killing of cows, and orders were immediately given that a fight be arranged.

More Arrests of Females.

Havana, Oct. 16.—The police of Guines, this province, have arrested and imprisoned Senorita Blanca Ortega, a young woman of distinguished family, and Senorita Maria Castellanos. They are both charged with conspiring against the government. The case bids fair to attract almost as much attention as that of Miss Cisneros, though the young women are assured humane treatment.

Charged with Perjury.

Milwaukee, Oct. 18.—Benjamin M. Goldberg, ex-district attorney of Wau-paca county, this state, and until recently a member of a prominent law firm of this city, was arrested Saturday on a charge of perjury. The charge of perjury contained in the warrant is an outgrowth of one of the charges of the disbarment proceedings upon which Judge Fish found Mr. Goldberg guilty.

Another Mrs. Lucretia Story.

Valparaiso, Ind., Oct. 18.—A bottle was found on the beach of Lake Michigan north of here containing a note stating that Mrs. Lucretia drowned herself in Lake Michigan from the steamer Virginia. The note was addressed to Judge Tuttle. There was also a card containing the name of a Chicago lady; also two other pieces of paper. The story will be investigated by parties here.

EVANGELINA'S FLIGHT

How the Rescue of Miss Cisneros Was Accomplished, as Told by Karl Decker.

HE ENGINEERED THE JAIL-BREAK.

Alcalde Who Came Too High, Demanding \$10,000 and Ironclad Passports—The Girl's Risky Walk to the Quay, Smoking a Cigar and Clad in Male Habillments—Decker Finds the Spaniards Very Easy to Fool When His Turn Comes.

New York, Oct. 15.—Karl Decker, one of the rescuers of Evangelina Cossio y Cisneros from the Casa de Recojidos, Havana, arrived in this city on the Spanish line steamship Panama yesterday afternoon. He was met down the bay by a number of newspaper men and said: "I was commissioned to go to Cuba and deliver Senorita Cossio y Cisneros from the filthy Recojidos prison. I started from New York Aug. 28, determined to free the woman, though I did not see my way clear as to the plan to be adopted. After reaching Havana many plans suggested themselves to me, but each one proved impracticable. I tried to bribe the jailer, or alcalde, but he wanted \$16,000 for the job and positive assurances that he and his family could get to the United States. This was too rich a proposition for me." Decker repeated the story of the rescue from the jail as already told in these dispatches and then related what happened after the girl was out of the prison.

From the Jail to a Reception.

He said: "When Senorita Cossio y Cisneros entered our shanty adjoining the jail we let her rest a few moments and then took her to a carriage waiting outside and drove to the house of a friend. The friend was holding a reception that night, which was a part of the plot. The man who drove the carriage was one of the conspirators. Senorita Cossio y Cisneros was exhausted from excitement when she reached the house, but she did not give away. On Thursday morning she was taken to the house of a friend where she remained in secrecy until Saturday afternoon."

Had to Take a Risky Chance.

"To reach the steamer from New York she was obliged to walk down Obispo street, the principal thoroughfare of Havana, at a time when the street was crowded, and yet take her time and smoke a cigar. If she had skulked about the back streets she would immediately have been suspected. It was over a mile from the house to the pier. She had a passport made out under an assumed name. All the steamships anchor out in the stream. Senorita Cossio y Cisneros walked down from the house clad as a rancher, and my companion and I followed. She sauntered along leisurely and once in a while turned about to see if we were following. We motioned her to go on. She grew more confident as she went along, but we could see that she was under a strain. She got on the launch and we waited, and when the launch returned from the vessel and she was not on it we knew that the scheme had worked like a charm."

DECKER COMES UNDER SUSPICION.

Gets Out of Havana Just the Way the Spaniards Did Not Suspect.

"The day after the jail-break the town was astir over the escape of Senorita Cossio y Cisneros. A house-to-house search was begun and I had been kept up had not a telegram from Minister Dupuy de Lome at Washington informed Weyler that the girl was on the high seas and expected any day in New York. Then Weyler was mad. He threw the jailer, Jose Quintana, into jail, whereupon the jailer told about my attempting to bribe him. This in connection with the surmise of De Lome placed suspicion on me. I gave it out that I was going to take a steamer for Mexico. There was only one steamer leaving Sunday, and that was a Spanish steamer. I waited for instructions from New York and had almost made up my mind to start Sunday, instructions came, happily."

"My passport was made out in the name of Karl Decker. In order to take the Panama Sunday night and run the gauntlet I must get my passport vised and stamped with the seal of the secretary of the captain general. I knew that my passport would never be signed, and I learned that an order for my arrest was determined on, and that I was to be arrested at 5 o'clock Monday morning. I was in a bad pickle. I got a glimpse of the writing of Senor Carjaval, the secretary of Weyler, and copied it so that I had it down fine. Then I forced the visé signature. I determined to do without the seal. At the last moment I went to the wharf and took the launch for the steamship. The inspector looked at my passport and asked where the seal was. I assumed a nonchalant air as best I could and told him that Senor Carjaval was at the Inglaterra hotel, and having no seal he signed his name to a statement saying it was all right. The inspector hesitated and showed the signature to another inspector, and he said all right and I was safe."

"The Spanish authorities never thought for a moment that I would take a Spanish steamer. Nearly all the Americans take the American line. They did not think to guard the Panama and watch for me. They arrest all prisoners at 5 o'clock in the morning. They were sure I would be in town on Monday and they were fooled." Senorita Cisneros received a number of visitors at the Hotel Waldorf yesterday, among them General Julio Sanguily, Henry George, Tom L. Johnson and ex-Pontmaster Charles W. Dayton.

Rush Medical Student Missing.

Chicago, Oct. 15.—Louis Mowry, a student at Rush Medical college, has been missing since Oct. 4, and the Central police have been requested to assist in finding him. Mowry is 26 years old and his home is in a small town in Wisconsin. He has been attending the college two years.

Eliminated the Word "Woman."

Des Moines, Ia., Oct. 15.—By a vote of 62 to 7 the Iowa Woman Suffrage association yesterday changed its name to the Iowa "Equal" Suffrage association. The woman suffragists have long been opposed to continuing the word "Woman" in the name.



SURVIVAL OF THE FITTEST
[Adapted from Nast's cartoon in "Robinson Crusoe's Money."]

Going to Klondike?

Better stay at home and get

GOLD DUST

from your grocer. Sold everywhere and

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What if Not Miracles?

The great Four-C Remedy is doing work wherever introduced as nearly miraculous as it ever falls to the lot of any human agency to do (I will esteem it a favor for anyone interested to write the persons whose names appear below or anyone whose name may appear among these testimonials.)

My aim is to convince the public of my sincerity and of the true merits of this remedy.

BENEFACTORS OF THE RACE.

Office of "KINGFISHER TIMES,"
Kingsfisher, Okla., Dec. 12, '93.

GENTLEMEN—I believe it my duty to write you a line in regard to the beneficial effect of Phelps' "Four C Remedy," so far as I am personally concerned. A week ago last Thursday, I was taken with a severe attack of la grippe and in a short time became so hoarse I could not speak above a whisper. The night previous I had coughed nearly the entire night, just before retiring I took a teaspoonful and slept the entire night as sweetly as ever I did in my life, not coughing once. I was entirely relieved before taking one bottle Phelps' Cough, Cold and Croup Cure should be in every household in the land. I send you this wholly unsolicited by anyone, for you are benefactors of the race in giving it the antidote for some of the worst afflictions to which it is heir.

Very Truly Yours,
C. J. NASHLEY, Editor.

A MIRACLE.

Kansas City, Kansas, Dec. 24, '91.

Last Friday, Dec. 19, my attending physician stated unless I was better by morning he could do nothing for my relief. That night I commenced taking Phelps' "Four C" remedy, stopped all other medicines. The first dose stopped my cough; slept and rested well; a few more doses removed all soreness from my lungs; the second day I was up; the third day I was out on the porch and today was up town purchasing holiday goods.

Mrs. JENNIE BARRETT,
Washington Ave. and Summit St.

GROUP CURED.

One dose of Phelps' Cough, Cold and Croup Cure, gave my child instant relief when attacked with the croup.

W. E. MOORE, of Moore Bros., Grocers,
Arkansas City, Kansas.

NOTICE TO DRUGGISTS AND THE PUBLIC.

CONTRACT.—Druggists are authorized in ALL CASES TO REFUND THE PURCHASE PRICE, if the Four-C Remedy (Phelps' Cough, Cold and Croup Cure) fails to give satisfaction in Croup, Bronchitis, Asthma, La Grippe, Coughs and Colds, no matter how long standing, or deep seated, in fact I guarantee in all manner of Bronchial or Lung trouble, not as a Cure-All, but to give unbounded satisfaction. Give it a trial on the above conditions. I take all chances.

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